

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
for the
Southern District of Texas

Veasey, et al.

)

Plaintiff

)

v.

)

Perry, et al.

)

Defendant

)

Civil Action No. 2:13-CV-193 (NGR)[Lead Case]

**SUBPOENA TO PRODUCE DOCUMENTS, INFORMATION, OR OBJECTS
OR TO PERMIT INSPECTION OF PREMISES IN A CIVIL ACTION**

To:

Rep. Yvonne Davis
Room 4N.9, Capitol
P.O. Box 2910
Austin, TX 78768

(Name of person to whom this subpoena is directed)

Production: YOU ARE COMMANDED to produce at the time, date, and place set forth below the following documents, electronically stored information, or objects, and to permit inspection, copying, testing, or sampling of the material: All documents, electronically stored information and other materials requested in the attached Exhibit A.

Place: Office of the Attorney General, 209 West 14th Street, Austin, TX 78701	Date and Time:
--	----------------

Inspection of Premises: YOU ARE COMMANDED to permit entry onto the designated premises, land, or other property possessed or controlled by you at the time, date, and location set forth below, so that the requesting party may inspect, measure, survey, photograph, test, or sample the property or any designated object or operation on it.

Place:	Date and Time:
--------	----------------

The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attached – Rule 45(c), relating to the place of compliance; Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a subpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to respond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not doing so.

Date: 06/17/2014

CLERK OF COURT

OR

N/A

/s/ John B. Scott

Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk

Attorney's signature

The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the attorney representing (*name of party*) The State of Texas, Rick Perry, The Texas Secretary of State, and Steve McCraw, who issues or requests this subpoena, are:

John B. Scott, Deputy Attorney General for Civil Litigation, 209 West 14th Street, P.O. Box 12548, Austin, Texas 78711

Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things or the inspection of premises before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

Exhibit 1

AO 88B (Rev. 02/14) Subpoena to Produce Documents, Information, or Objects or to Permit Inspection of Premises in a Civil Action (Page 2)

Civil Action No. 2:13-CV-193 (NGR)[Lead Case]

PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

I received this subpoena for (*name of individual and title, if any*) _____

on (*date*) _____.

I served the subpoena by delivering a copy to the named person as follows: _____

on (*date*) _____ ; or

I returned the subpoena unexecuted because: _____

Unless the subpoena was issued on behalf of the United States, or one of its officers or agents, I have also tendered to the witness the fees for one day's attendance, and the mileage allowed by law, in the amount of

\$ _____.

My fees are \$ _____ for travel and \$ _____ for services, for a total of \$ 0.00 .

I declare under penalty of perjury that this information is true.

Date: _____

Server's signature

Printed name and title

Server's address

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

(c) Place of Compliance.

(1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:

(A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or

(B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person

(i) is a party or a party's officer; or

(ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

(2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

(A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and

(B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

(d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

(2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

(A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.

(B) Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:

(i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.

(ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

(3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

(A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:

(i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;

(ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);

(iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or

(iv) subjects a person to undue burden.

(B) When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

(i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or

(ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.

(C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:

(i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and

(ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

(e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

(1) Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information. These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:

(A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.

(B) Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.

(C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.

(D) Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

(2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

(A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:

(i) expressly make the claim; and

(ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.

(B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

(g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

EXHIBIT A

DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS

The following terms have the following meanings, unless the context requires otherwise:

1. You & your. The terms “you” and “your” mean yourself in both an individual capacity and an official capacity as a member of the Texas Legislature, and employees, agents, representatives, attorneys, experts, and other persons acting or purporting to act on your behalf in your individual or official capacity.
2. Document. The term “document” means information that is fixed in a tangible medium, such as paper, or electronically stored information. It includes, but is not limited to, writings, drawings, films, charts, photographs, notices, memoranda, diaries, minutes, correspondence, books, journals, ledgers, reports, worksheets, notes, printed e-mails, letters, abstracts, audits, charts, checks, diagrams, drafts, instructions, lists, logs, resumes, and summaries.
3. Electronically Stored Information. The term “electronically stored information” means electronic information that is stored in a medium from which it can be retrieved and examined. It includes, but is not limited to, all electronic files that can be retrieved from electronic storage.
 - a. “Electronic file” includes, but is not limited to, the following: electronic documents; e-mail messages and files; deleted files; temporary files; and metadata.
 - b. “Electronic information system” refers to a computer system or network that contains electronic files and electronic storage.
 - c. “Electronic storage” refers to electronic files contained on magnetic, optical, or other storage media, such as hard drives, flash drives, DVDs, CDs, tapes, cartridges, floppy diskettes, smart cards, integrated-circuit cards (e.g., SIM cards).
4. Tangible thing. The term “tangible thing” means a physical object that is not a document.
5. Communication. The term “communication” means the transmittal of information in the form of facts, ideas, inquiries, or otherwise.
6. Relating. The term “relating” means concerning, referring, describing, evidencing, supporting, refuting, or constituting, either directly or indirectly.
7. And & or. The connectives “and” and “or” should be construed either conjunctively or disjunctively as necessary to bring within the scope of this subpoena all responses that might otherwise be construed to be outside its scope.

8. Present. The term "Present" means the date on which this subpoena is served on you.

9. Federal Action. The term "Federal Action" means:

a. Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-00193 [Lead Case] in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, captioned *Marc Veasey, Jane Hamilton, Sergio Deleon, Floyd J. Carrier, Anna Burns, Michael Montez, Penny Pope, Oscar Ortiz, Koby Ozias, John Mellor-Crumley, Peggy Herman, Evelyn Brickner, Gordon Benjamin, Ken Gandy, League of United Latin American Citizens (LULAC), and Dallas County, Texas v. Rick Perry and John Steen;*

b. Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-263 [Consolidated Case] in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, captioned *United States of America; Texas League of Young Voters Education Fund, Imani Clark, and Michelle Bessiak; Texas Association of Hispanic County Commissioners, Hidalgo County, and Maria Longoria Benevides v. State of Texas, John Steen, and Steve McGraw;*

c. Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-00291 [Consolidated Case] in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, captioned *Texas State Conference of NAACP Branches; and the Mexican American Legislative Caucus of the Texas House of Representatives v. John Steen and Steve McGraw;* as consolidated with Case 2:13-cv-00193;

d. Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-00348 [Consolidated Case] in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas, captioned *Belinda Ortiz, Lenard Taylor, Eulalio Mendez Jr., Lionel Estrada, Estela Garcia Espinosa, Lydia Lara, Margarito Martinez Lara, Maximina Martinez Lara, and La Union Del Pueblo Entero, Inc. v. State of Texas, John Steen, and Steve McGraw.*

10. State Action. The term "State Action" means Cause No. C-6392-13-I, in the District Court of the 398th Judicial District, Hidalgo County, Texas, captioned *San Juanita Saldana, Aaron Alonzo, Kayleigh Rose Garcia, Daniel Singleterry, Jr., Anita Singleterry, Jose C. Saldana, Everardo Saldana, Jr., Roel Benavidez, and Juan Jose Maldonado v. Hidalgo County and Hidalgo County Elections Administrator* (2013).

11. SB 14. The term "SB 14" means Texas Senate Bill 14, 82d Leg., R.S., ch. 123, § 3, 2011 Tex. Gen. Laws 619, including all companion and predecessor bills filed during previous sessions, whether regular or special, of the Texas Legislature, and all alternative bills or proposals, whether filed or not, relating to the use of photographic identification for voting in the state of Texas.

12. Party or Parties. The term “party” or “parties” refers to the named parties to the Federal Action or the State Action, as applicable, and his or her agents, representatives, officers, directors, employees, partners, corporate parent, subsidiaries, or affiliates. This definition is not intended to impose a discovery obligation on any person who is not a party to the litigation.

13. Texas Legislature or Legislature. The terms “Texas Legislature” or “Legislature” mean the Texas House of Representatives and the Texas State Senate.

14. Department of Justice. The term “Department of Justice” means the United States Department of Justice, its agents, representatives, employees, attorneys, experts, and other persons acting or purporting to act on behalf of it.

15. Dallas County. The term “Dallas County” means the political subdivision of Dallas County, Texas, including but not limited to its commissioners, agents, representatives, employees, attorneys, experts, and other persons acting or purporting to act on behalf of it.

16. Hidalgo County. The term “Hidalgo County” means the political subdivision of Hidalgo County, Texas, including but not limited to its commissioners, agents, representatives, employees, attorneys, experts, and other persons acting or purporting to act on behalf of it.

17. Unless otherwise limited or expanded in a particular request, a request for documents and tangible things related to communications includes, but is not limited to, communications between you and any individual or group; other current or former members of the Texas Legislature, including their staff or representatives; lobbyists, interest groups, political associations, or other members of the public; your current or former constituents; and any media outlets.

18. If any of the requested information, either in whole or in part, constitutes Electronically Stored Information, it shall be provided in the electronic form consistent with the Agreement Concerning Production Format (ECF No. 61-6), attached hereto, applicable to all parties to the Federal Action.

19. Those portions of documents available, either in whole or in part, only in paper or hardcopy should, if possible, be scanned into electronic format and produced consistent with the Agreement Concerning Production Format (ECF No. 61-6), attached hereto, applicable to all parties to the Federal Action.

20. If any document requested was, but is no longer, either in your possession, custody, or control, or in existence, state whether it: (a) is missing or lost; (b) has been destroyed; (c) has been transferred, voluntarily or involuntarily, to others; or (d) has been otherwise disposed of and explain the circumstances surrounding the disposition, and identify the names of those persons with knowledge of such circumstances.

DOCUMENT REQUESTS

1. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications on the subject of voter identification requirements from 2005 to the Present.
2. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding SB 14.
3. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding SB 14 between any party to the Federal Action or the State Action and current or former members of the Texas Legislature, including their staff or representatives.
4. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all written testimony, talking points, and public statements made by you regarding SB 14. This includes but is not limited to notes, drafts, working papers, and any other document or tangible thing upon which the written testimony, talking points, and public statements are based.
5. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all bills and amendments drafted, researched, proposed, or requested by you regarding SB 14.
6. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to any calculations, reports, audits, estimates, projections, or other analyses related to the effect of SB 14 on minority voters or on voters who are members of a language minority group.
7. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control demonstrating that any registered voter in Texas has been unable to obtain one of the forms of photographic identification specified by SB 14.
8. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control identifying each registered voter in Texas known to you at Present who is unable to vote on account of his or her inability to obtain photographic identification specified by SB 14. This includes, but is not limited to, documents and tangible things identifying any such voter's date of birth or place of birth.

9. All documents and tangible things identifying each registered voter in Texas known to you during the consideration of SB 14 to have been unable to vote on account of his or her inability to obtain one of the forms of photographic identification specified by those bills. This includes but is not limited to, documents and tangible things identifying any such voter's date of birth or place of birth.
10. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding House Bill 178, House Bill 1706, or other voter identification proposals during the 79th Texas Legislature (2005).
11. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding House Bill 218, House Bill 626, Senate Bill 1464, or other voter identification proposals during the 80th Texas Legislature (2007).
12. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding House Bill 208, House Bill 4422, Senate Bill 362, Senate Bill 1970, or other voter identification proposals during the 81st Texas Legislature (2009).
13. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding House Bill 174, House Bill 1975, House Bill 2875, Senate Bill 3498, Senate Bill 849, or other voter identification proposals during the 82nd Texas Legislature (2011).
14. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding House Bill 208, House Bill 466, House Bill 2665, Senate Bill 910, or other voter identification proposals during the 83rd Texas Legislature (2013).
15. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications regarding the Federal Action or the State Action, including the initiation of those lawsuits.
16. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications between you and the Department of

Justice regarding SB 14, the Federal Action, or the State Action, including the initiation of those lawsuits.

17. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications between you and Dallas County regarding SB 14, the Federal Action, or the State Action, including the initiation of those lawsuits.
18. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications between you and Hidalgo County regarding SB 14, the Federal Action, or the State Action, including the initiation of those lawsuits.
19. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control relating to all communications between you and any other parties to the Federal Action or State Action regarding SB 14, the Federal Action, or State Action, including the initiation of those lawsuits.
20. All documents and tangible things that are in your custody, possession, or control that you have provided to any potential expert in the Federal Action or the State Action.

Dated: May 27, 2014

Respectfully submitted.

GREG ABBOTT
Attorney General of Texas

DANIEL T. HODGE
First Assistant Attorney General

JONATHAN F. MITCHELL
Solicitor General

J. REED CLAY, JR.
Special Assistant and Senior Counsel
to the Attorney General

/s/ John B. Scott
JOHN B. SCOTT
Deputy Attorney General for Civil Litigation
Southern District of Texas No. 10418
Texas State Bar No. 17901500
ATTORNEY-IN-CHARGE

GREGORY DAVID WHITLEY
Assistant Deputy Attorney General
Southern District of Texas No. 2080496
State of Texas Bar No. 2080492

STEPHEN RONALD KEISTER
Assistant Attorney General
Southern District of Texas No. 18580

JENNIFER MARIE ROSCETTI
Assistant Attorney General
Southern District of Texas No. 224780

|
209 West 14th Street
P.O. Box 12548
Austin, Texas 78711-2548
(512) 475-0131

COUNSEL FOR THE STATE OF TEXAS,
RICK PERRY, THE TEXAS SECRETARY
OF STATE, and STEVE MCCRAW

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

MARC VEASEY, *et al.*,

Plaintiffs,

v.

Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-193 (NGR)

RICK PERRY, *et al.*,

Defendants.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

TEXAS LEAGUE OF YOUNG VOTERS
EDUCATION FUND, *et al.*,

Plaintiff-Intervenors,

Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-263 (NGR)

TEXAS ASSOCIATION OF HISPANIC
COUNTY JUDGES AND COUNTY
COMMISSIONERS, *et al.*,

Movant-Intervenors,

v.

STATE OF TEXAS, *et al.*,

Defendants,

TRUE THE VOTE,

Movant-Intervenor.

TEXAS STATE CONFERENCE OF NAACP
BRANCHES, *et al.*,

Plaintiffs,

Civil Action No. 2:13-cv-291 (NGR)

v.

JOHN STEEN, *et al.*,

Defendants.

AGREEMENT CONCERNING PRODUCTION FORMAT

Pursuant to Rules 26 and 34 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the parties agree to adhere to the following methods of production of documents and electronically stored information (“ESI”):

Provisions for the Production of Documents and ESI

1. With the exception of the items specified in paragraphs 10-18, below, the parties agree that documents and ESI that can be accurately represented in black and white shall be scanned or converted to single page Tagged Image File Format (“TIFF” or “.tiff format”) files, using CCITT Group IV compression. All images shall be scanned or converted at 300 d.p.i. and reflect, without visual degradation, the full and complete information contained on the original document. Photographs, color brochures, or other like documents that cannot be accurately represented in black and white or documents that are primarily in color shall be scanned or converted to JPEG files using a high quality setting. The parties will honor reasonable requests for either the production of the original document for inspection and copying or production of any color image of the document, thing, or ESI. All images shall be saved in a directory named IMAGES. Spreadsheets (*e.g.*, Excel, Quattropro, or .csv) and presentations (*e.g.*, Powerpoint)

shall be produced in native form. Native files shall be saved in a directory named NATIVE with the proper Windows-associated extension.

2. The parties agree to produce all imaged documents with a legible, unique page identifier (“Bates Number”) electronically “burned” onto the image in the lower right hand corner or—if placement in the lower right hand corner would obliterate, conceal, or interfere with any information from the source document—another blank portion of the TIFF image. The Bates numbering convention shall be in the format “XXX#####” where “XXX” represents the short character abbreviation for the producing party and “#####” represents the eight-digit sequential number of the page being produced by that party. Documents produced by the parties shall be abbreviated as follows: Veasey Plaintiffs = VES, United States of America = USA, Texas League of Young Voters Education Fund = LYV, Texas State Conference of NAACP Branches = TSC, and Defendants = TEX. For example, the first Bates labeled document produced by the United States should be labeled “USA00000001.” Images shall be named as the [Bates Number].tif or [Bates Number].jpg. Native files shall be named as [Bates Number].ext, where “ext” denotes the native file extension.

3. The parties agree to produce documents on CD-ROM, DVD, or external hard drive (the “Production Media”), depending on the volume of the production. Each piece of Production Media shall identify a production number corresponding to the production “wave” and a number of the volume of material in the wave. For example, if the first production wave by a party comprises document images on three hard drives, the party shall label each hard drive in the following manner in numeric sequence: “001.001”; “001.002”; “001.003.” If the second production comprises three DVDs, the party shall label each DVD in the following manner in numeric sequence: “002.001”; “002.002”; “002.003.” Additional information that shall be

identified on the physical Production Media includes: (1) the case number, (2) the producing party's name, and (3) the production date. Where practicable, the type of materials on the media (*e.g.*, "Documents", "OCR Text", *etc.*) and the Bates Number range of the materials on the Production Media shall also be denoted thereon; where such material cannot reasonably be listed on the Production Media, they shall be provided in an accompanying letter.

4. The parties agree not to produce documents or ESI using FTP, SFTP, or other hosted locations without notifying all parties. All such productions must include a single archive file per production wave (*e.g.*, .zip, .rar, or .cab), labeling of such archives in numerical sequence in accordance with paragraph 4, *supra*, and immediate notice to all parties after a new archive has been uploaded to a hosted location. All requirements of this agreement shall apply to any production using FTP, SFTP, or other hosted locations.

5. The parties shall produce an "image cross reference file" in Concordance Opticon .log format, to accompany the produced images. The image cross reference file shall provide the Bates Numbers, relative path to images, and document break indicators. The image cross reference file shall be provided in a directory named DATA.

6. The parties shall produce a "load file" containing the fields specified in Attachment A. The load file shall be provided in a directory named DATA, in a Concordance .DAT file format with standard delimiters. The parties agree not to include OCR/extracted text in the .DAT file.

7. For documents that exist natively in electronic format and that have not been redacted, the parties shall produce extracted text files reflecting the full text that was electronically extracted from the original native file. For all scanned hard-copy documents, any electronic documents that require redaction prior to production and native files for which native text is not available (*e.g.*, graphic files and some PDFs), the parties will produce corresponding Optical

Character Recognition (“OCR”) text files. The OCR and extracted text files shall be produced in ASCII text format and shall be labeled and produced on Production Media in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 3, above. These text files will be named with the unique Bates Number of the first page of the corresponding document followed by the extension “.txt.” The OCR and extracted text files shall be produced in a manner suitable for importing the information into Concordance. OCR and extracted text files shall be saved in a directory named TEXT. All documents should have an accompanying text file, even if that file is of zero size.

8. Irrespective of which party issued the requests for production of documents, tangible things, and ESI, the producing party shall serve a copy of responsive production to each of the other parties.

Format for the Production of ESI

9. E-mail will be produced as image files with related searchable text and available metadata as described in Attachment A.

10. All spreadsheets, *e.g.*, Excel or Quattropro, should be produced only in native format with related searchable text and available metadata as described in Attachment A. Spreadsheets should not be imaged, but a placeholder image must be included to represent the spreadsheet.

11. All presentations, *e.g.*, Powerpoint, should be produced only in native format with related searchable text and available metadata as described in Attachment A. Presentations should not be imaged, but a placeholder image must be included to represent the presentation.

12. The parties will meet and confer regarding the production of video, audio, and any file stored in a proprietary formats (*i.e.*, non-Microsoft or Corel Suite compatible files). Any such conference shall be held within fourteen (14) days (unless the parties agree to a later date) of identification of such materials in initial disclosures, a direct request for the production of such

materials, or a determination by a producing party that such materials are responsive to a broader request, and any such conference shall include the custodians of the materials, as well as technicians with sufficient knowledge to explain the content and format of the material at issue.

13. The parties will meet and confer regarding the production of records or data from systems of record, databases, or federal agency comparisons in an agreed upon format. Any such conference shall be held within fourteen (14) days (unless the parties agree to a later date) of identification of databases in initial disclosures, a direct request for the production of databases, or a determination by a producing party that databases are responsive to a broader request, and any such conference shall include the custodians of the databases, as well as technicians with sufficient knowledge to explain the content and format of the databases.

14. Other electronic documents not specifically discussed elsewhere will be produced as image files with related searchable text and available metadata as described in Attachment A. If said documents in their original form cannot be converted to TIFF as described above, the parties will promptly meet and confer concerning the form of such production.

15. Documents with children (*e.g.*, email with attachments, archive files, and files with embedded documents) shall be treated as separate documents. Each document (parent and child) shall have the same attachment range as a way of identifying the group, as specified in the Attachment Range field of Attachment A.

16. In the event that a party needs to redact a portion of a document for which only a native file is produced (*e.g.*, Excel and PowerPoint), the parties will meet and confer regarding production of the redacted document.

17. Encryption or password protection of any file is to be removed or the passwords provided. If software is required to open encrypted files, the party producing the encrypted files must provide the software.

Search of Electronically Stored Information

18. To the extent that any party intends to limit the scope of a response to a request for production through the use of search terms, the parties agree to meet and confer regarding the responding party's search of ESI, including the party's technological search capability and the most effective means of defining search criteria, such as date ranges, custodians, and key words.

19. The parties agree that the use of an agreed-on search process or set of search criteria shall not be construed as a waiver of any party's right to request subsequent searches and productions, particularly where there is a showing that the agreed-to search process and criteria have resulted in inadequate productions or failed to identify relevant materials. The parties also reserve their right to object to any additional requests or subsequent searches.

20. The parties agree that documents identified by search terms may be reviewed for privilege, confidentiality, relevance, or responsiveness prior to production.

Deduplication

21. The parties agree to use MD-5 hash values to deduplicate exact duplicate documents across custodians. As noted in Attachment A, MD-5 hash values will be calculated at the time of collection or processing for all categories of ESI.

Paper Documents

22. The parties agree to produce hard-copy documents as TIFF or JPEG files, as described in paragraphs 1-3, above.

23. To the extent possible, the parties will endeavor to apply unitization practices consistent with the following description: Each page of a hard copy document shall be scanned into an image and if a document is more than one page, the unitization of the document and any attachments shall be maintained as it existed in the original when creating the image file. For documents that contain fixed notes, (e.g., post-it notes), the pages will be scanned both with and without the notes and those pages will be treated as part of the same document. The relationship of documents in a document collection (e.g., cover letter and enclosures, email and attachments, binder containing multiple documents, or other documents where a parent-child relationship exists between the documents) shall be maintained through the scanning or conversion process. If more than one level of parent-child relationship exists, documents will be kept in order, but all will be treated as children of the initial parent document. Such information shall be produced in conformity with the Attachment Range field in Attachment A in a manner which enables the parent-child relationship among documents in a document collection to be reconstituted by the receiving party in Concordance.

Privilege Logs

24. The parties agree that for each document, tangible thing, or ESI withheld based on an asserted claim of privilege or protection, the party asserting the privilege must produce a privilege log pursuant to Rule 26(b)(5)(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. At minimum, the privilege log must contain a Bates range, the type of document or ESI, the title of the document or ESI, the date of the creation or transmission of the document or ESI, the author or authors of the document or ESI, the recipients of the document or ESI (including individuals copied or blind-copied), whether the document or ESI contains attachments, the privilege or privileges claimed, and the basis for the assertion of privilege or protection.

25. The parties agree to provide sufficient information privilege logs to establish the elements of each asserted privilege. *See, e.g., Taylor Energy Co. v. Underwriters at Lloyds of London*, No. C.A. 09-6383, 2010 WL 3952208 (E.D. La. Oct. 7, 2010). However, the Parties need not note on a privilege log any document—including but not limited to draft documents—exchanged solely among counsel, individuals working directly on behalf of counsel in connection with this litigation (*e.g.*, paralegals, analysts, and litigation support staff), or supervisory staff of the U.S. Department of Justice or the Office of the Texas Attorney General.

26. E-mail attachments must be separately identified and described if they are withheld based on an assertion of privilege or protection.

Inadvertent Production of Documents and Clawback

27. The parties agree that a disclosure of communications, documents, tangible things, and ESI covered by the attorney-client privilege, work product protection, or governmental privileges does not operate as a waiver in this proceeding if (1) the disclosure is inadvertent and is made in connection with this litigation or prior proceedings under Section 5 of the Voting Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 1973c, and (2) the holder of the privilege or protection took reasonable precautions to prevent disclosure and took reasonably prompt measures—once the holder knew or should have known of the disclosure—to rectify the error.

28. Any party receiving material it believes may have been inadvertently produced that includes privileged or protected information shall promptly notify the producing party. Within fourteen (14) days after such notification, the producing party may request in writing that such materials be returned or destroyed. Upon such written request—and except in the event that the requesting party disputes the claim of privilege or protection—any materials that the producing party deems to contain inadvertently disclosed materials shall be promptly returned to the

producing party or destroyed at the producing party's option. This includes all copies—electronic or otherwise—of any such materials and the parties agree that no further copies of the inadvertently disclosed materials will be made. In the event that copies of inadvertently produced materials that are privileged or protected are captured on a party's back-up media used for disaster recovery, the parties will over-write those copies according to their established back-up procedures.

29. If privileged or protected information is contained within an item of otherwise discoverable material, the parties recognize that the requesting party may not be able to destroy only the portion of the item of the disclosed material that is privileged or protected. Instead, the requesting party may need to destroy the privileged or protected information along with all of the otherwise discoverable material within that item. Whenever that is the case, the producing party—within fourteen (14) days of notification of the inadvertent disclosure—shall provide the requesting party with a replacement copy of the item materials that are not privileged or protected and are otherwise discoverable.

30. In the event that the requesting party disputes the producing party's assertions with respect to the inadvertently disclosed material, such material shall be sequestered and retained by and under the control of the requesting party for the purpose of seeking determination of the issue from the Court. If the Court determines that privilege or protection has been waived or that the inadvertently disclosed material is not subject to any applicable privilege or protection, the requesting party may use the material for any purposes otherwise permitted by law or rule. If the Court determines that the inadvertently disclosed material is subject to an applicable privilege or protection, the requesting party must return or destroy the materials at issue, as provided above.

31. If the producing party does not request the return or destruction of material within fourteen (14) days of notification by the receiving party of the receipt of material it believes was inadvertently produced, the producing party waives any claim of privilege or protection as to the material.

Sample Production

32. On or before fourteen (14) days following the effective date of this Agreement, the parties shall exchange a sample production of documents formatted to be consistent with this Agreement. The sample production shall contain a combination of scanned paper files and ESI and shall include at least one spreadsheet and one email. The production need not be relevant to this case, as it is intended only to test the adequacy of the specifications in this Agreement and the compatibility of the parties' systems. If any party reports problems with the sample productions, the parties shall confer regarding the terms of this agreement.

Duty to Supplement Discovery Responses

33. The parties must supplement their disclosures and responses in a timely manner if a party learns that a disclosure was materially incorrect or incomplete, in accordance with Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(e)(1)(A). Supplementation must be made at appropriate intervals during discovery and with special promptness as the trial date approaches.

Costs of Document Production

34. Each party shall bear the costs of producing its own documents, things, and ESI.

Requirement to Confer

35. Before filing any motion regarding the terms of this Agreement, compliance with this Agreement, or any other discovery dispute, the parties will confer in a good faith attempt to resolve such disputes.

Dated: November 4, 2013

For the Veasey Plaintiffs

/s/ Chad W. Dunn
CHAD W. DUNN
K. SCOTT BRAZIL
Brazil & Dunn
4201 Cypress Creek Parkway
Suite 530
Houston, Texas 77068

J. GERALD HEBERT
Campaign Legal Center
215 E Street, NE
Washington, D.C. 20002

NEIL G. BARON
Law Office of Neil G. Baron
914 FM 517 West
Suite 242
Dickinson, Texas 77539

DAVID RICHARDS
Richards, Rodriguez & Skeith LLP
816 Congress Avenue
Suite 1200
Austin, Texas 78701

ARMAND G. DERFNER
Derfner, Altman & Wilborn, LLC
P.O. Box 600
Charleston, South Carolina 29402

LUIS ROBERTO VERA, JR.
Law Offices of Luis Vera Jr.
1325 Riverview Towers
111 Soledad
San Antonio, Texas 78205

CRAIG M. WATKINS
TERESA G. SNELSON
Dallas County District Attorney's Office
411 Elm Street
Fifth Floor
Dallas, Texas 75202

For the United States of America

KENNETH MAGIDSON
United States Attorney
Southern District of Texas

JOCELYN SAMUELS
Acting Assistant Attorney General
Civil Rights Division

/s/ Elizabeth S. Westfall
T. CHRISTIAN HERREN, JR.
MEREDITH BELL-PLATTS
ELIZABETH S. WESTFALL
BRUCE I. GEAR
JENNIFER L. MARANZANO
ANNA M. BALDWIN
DANIEL J. FREEMAN
Attorneys, Voting Section
Civil Rights Division
U.S. Department of Justice
950 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20530

JOHN A. SMITH III
Assistant United States Attorney
800 N. Shoreline, Suite 500
Corpus Christi, Texas 78401

For NAACP Plaintiffs:

/s/ Ezra D. Rosenberg

EZRA D. ROSENBERG
Dechert LLP
902 Carnegie Center, Suite 500
Princeton, New Jersey 08540

STEVEN B. WEISBURD
AMY L. RUDD
LINDSEY B. STELCEN
Dechert LLP
500 W. 6th Street, Suite 2010
Austin, Texas 78701

ROBERT A. KENGLE
MARK A. POSNER
SONIA KAUR GILL
ERANDI ZAMORA
Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights
Under Law
1401 New York Avenue, NW
Suite 400
Washington, D.C. 20005

WENDYWEISER
MYRNA PÉREZ
VISHAL AGRAHARKAR
Jennifer Clark
The Brennan Center for Justice at NYU Law
School
161 Avenue of the Americas, Floor 12
New York, New York 10013

ROBERT NOTZON
The Law Office of Robert Notzon
1502 West Avenue
Austin, Texas 78701

Gary Bledsoe
PotterBledsoe, L.L.P.
316 West 12th Street, Suite 307
Austin, Texas 78701

KIM KEENAN
MARSHALL TAYLOR
VICTOR GOODE
NAACP
4805 Mt. Hope Drive
Baltimore, Maryland 21215

JOSE GARZA
Law Office of Jose Garza
7414 Robin Rest Drive
San Antonio, Texas 98209

CLAY BONILLA
DANIEL G. COVICH
The Law Offices of William Bonilla, P.C.
2727 Morgan Ave.
Corpus Christi, Texas 78405

**For Texas League of Young Voters
Educational Fund, et al. Intervenors:**

/s/ Ryan P. Haygood
SHERRILYN IFILL
CHRISTINA SWARNS
RYAN P. HAYGOOD
NATASHA M. KORGAONKAR
LEAH C. ADEN
NAACP Legal Defense and
Educational Fund, Inc.
40 Rector Street, 5th Floor
New York, New York 10006

DANIELLE CONLEY
JONATHAN PAIKIN
KELLY P. DUNBAR
SONYA L. LEBSACK
Wilmer Cutler Pickering
Hale and Dorr LLP
1875 Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, D.C. 20006

For the State of Texas et al.

GREG ABBOTT
Attorney General of Texas

DANIEL T. HODGE
First Assistant Attorney General

/s/ John B. Scott
JOHN B. SCOTT
Deputy Attorney General
209 West 14th Street
Austin, Texas 78711

Attachment "A"

Name of Field	Type of field	Contents				
		E-mail	Word Processing or PDFs	Spreadsheets	Digital Photos	Paper
Begin_Bates	Text	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the first page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the first page	Bates number of the placeholder page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the first page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the first page
End_Bates	Text	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the last page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the last page	Bates number of the placeholder page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the last page	Bates number for the TIFF/jpg image of the last page
Attachment Range	Text	Bates range starting with the first page of the parent document through the last page of the last attachment. Blank if there are no child documents	Bates range starting with the first page of the parent document through the last page of the last attachment or embedded file. Included only if part of a group of documents like an email or zip file.	Bates range starting with the first page of the parent document through the last page of the last attachment or embedded file. Included only if part of a group of documents like an email or zip file.	Bates range starting with the first page of the parent document through the last page of the last attachment or embedded file. Included only if part of a group of documents like an email or zip file.	Bates range of all documents that were grouped together/ physically attached by clips, staples, or binding or folder. Blank if a single non grouped document

Name of Field	Type of field	Contents				
		E-mail	Word Processing or PDFs	Spreadsheets	Digital Photos	Paper
Custodian	Text	The name of the person who had primary control over the location from which the document was collected	The name of the person who had primary control over the location from which the document was collected	The name of the person who had primary control over the location from which the document was collected	The name of the person who had primary control over the location from which the document was collected	The name of the person maintaining the file from which the paper was obtained
Author	Paragraph	“From” field	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
To	Paragraph	“To” field	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
CC	Paragraph	“CC” field	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
BCC	Paragraph	“BCC” field	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
Subject	Paragraph	“Subject” field	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
DateSent	Date	The date the message was sent (format: 9/28/2012)	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
TimeSent	Text	The time the message was sent (format: 11:16:46 AM)	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>	<blank>
MD5Hash	Text	The MD5 hash value calculated when the file was collected or processed.	The MD5 hash value calculated when the file was collected or processed.	The MD5 hash value calculated when the file was collected or processed.	The MD5 hash value calculated when the file was collected or processed.	<blank>
Prod_FilePath	Paragraph	The path to the native file on the production media	The path to the native file on the production media	The path to the native file on the production media	The path to the native file on the production media	<blank>

Name of Field	Type of field	Contents				
		E-mail	Word Processing or PDFs	Spreadsheets	Digital Photos	Paper
Orig_filename	Paragraph	Original name of the native file when the file was collected or processed	Original name of the native file when the file was collected or processed	Original name of the native file when the file was collected or processed	Original name of the native file when the file was collected or processed	<blank>
Responsive to	Text	Document request numbers for which this document is responsive.	Document request numbers for which this document is responsive.	Document request numbers for which this document is responsive	Document request numbers for which this document is responsive	Document request numbers for which this document is responsive